

# TTL TIP 4

## Get your CODE RED right



**Early haemorrhage control saves lives. Delays increase mortality.**

Patients with active traumatic bleeding who may require immediate surgery should trigger a **Code Red Adult Major Trauma Call** (typically via 2222). Purpose of Code Red

Code Red exists to **reduce time to definitive care**. Code Red should be activated based

on **risk**, not diagnostic certainty.

### Indications for Activation

- **Massive Haemorrhage Protocol activation**
- Blood already being given by prehospital team prior to arrival
- **Hypovolaemic shock**, typically:
  - Systolic BP < 90 mmHg
  - Heart rate > 120 bpm
  - Poor or transient response to resuscitation
- **Traumatic cardiac arrest**
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### What Code Red Delivers

- **Senior decision-makers**, and more importantly gets them in the room to make decisions (not on the end of a phone in another place).
- **Theatre coordination**, facilitating early access to emergency surgery
- Early/immediate blood product availability
- **System-wide alignment**, enabling parallel resuscitation, transfusion, and operative preparation

## Practical Points

### Specify required specialties

Do not assume automatic attendance. Request specific surgical specialties early. Senior involvement reduces delays to operative intervention.

### Activate early

Over-triage is preferable to under-triage. Under-calling trauma teams is associated with worse outcomes than early over-activation.

### Maintain clinical leadership

Code Red facilitates capacity; it does not replace decision-making. Prioritise haemorrhage control over diagnostic completeness in unstable patients.

## Key Messages

- **Active bleeding with potential need for immediate surgery warrants Code Red**
- **Physiology should drive activation**
- **Early senior involvement improves outcomes**
- **It is acceptable to stand teams down; it is not acceptable to call late**

Code Red	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Activation of massive transfusion protocol</li> <li>• Hypovolaemic shock (systolic BP &lt;90, HR &gt;120) and unresponsive to resuscitation</li> <li>• Traumatic cardiac arrest</li> </ul>	<p>Code Amber Polytrauma/Blunt team plus Consultant Anaesthetist (called in)</p> <p>The following consultants are called in depending on perceived injuries:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• On call general surgical consultant</li> <li>• On call hepatobiliary Consultant</li> <li>• On call vascular registrar and consultant</li> <li>• On call orthopaedic registrar and consultant</li> <li>• On call ENT registrar and consultant</li> <li>• On call maxillofacial registrar and consultant</li> <li>• On call IR consultant</li> <li>• On call cardiothoracic registrar and consultant</li> <li>• On call intensive care consultant</li> <li>• Any other specialty team as deemed necessary by the TTL</li> <li>• Emergency theatres put on standby</li> <li>• IR team put on standby</li> <li>• Hybrid theatre on standby</li> </ul> <p>All consultants must attend within 30 minutes</p>
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